

VICTORY



The Hour of TRIUMPH

EVERYONE has been waiting for this very moment, the moment when Victory would come to our forces and the Nazis would be subjected to Unconditional Surrender and their days of oppression of smaller countries would cease.

OUR thanks are due the three great leaders who have done so much in leading their peoples to victory. Many times the days have been dark and troublous for Russia and England, and we think back of the time when France fell and England was faced with the prospect of fighting the war alone.

LET us not forget those who went forth to battle and now rest where they fell, those who paid the supreme sacrifice that this victory might be possible. Let us always remember those who have returned to these shores with disabilities suffered in helping to win this victory.

Hats Off To Our Fighting Men

President of Board of Trade Message



GERMANY HAS SURRENDERED. It is great news, the war in Europe has ended. But what does it mean? Our heart is filled with joy and sorrow at the same time.

surrender of Germany is surely an occasion to rejoice and thank the Lord for the blessings bestowed on our Canada. But the war is not over. No doubt the hardest part is won. We have been promised relief after Victory in Europe, but we must realize that Japan is still strong and vicious.

Proclamation

The great news of Victory in Europe has been received. In recognition of this momentous day we turn our thoughts to thanksgiving for the victory achieved by the United Nations.

IT'S ALL OVER THE WAR IN GERMANY IS OVER

Allies officially announced Germany surrendered unconditionally at 2.41 a.m. French time to-day.

THE ROAD TO V-DAY

For the second time in little more than a quarter of a century Germany has failed in an attempt to become a dominant world power through force of arms. In 1918 the armistice signed at Compiègne marked the end of the Hohenzollerns and Imperial Germany.

Mayor Greet News Of Victory

This is a day of rejoicing, let us be glad and rejoice in it. After more than five years of disastrous war, victory has come to us through the defeat and surrender of our powerful and unscrupulous foe.



These Men Planned The Results of V-Day



The Canadian Legion Welcomes The Defeat Of Nazi Germany

The members of the Canadian Legion Chateauguay-Huntingdon Branch No. 81, join today in sober rejoicing at the defeat of a hated foe, one which many of them have met in combat in the war of 1914-18.

Canada's Role In Victory

The Canadian 1st Army under Gen. H. D. G. Cresar fought over some of the northwestern European's most difficult—the canal of Belgium and Holland's sudden access—in the Allied drive into Germany. After D-Day the 2nd Infantry and 4th Armored Division and 2nd Armored Brigade were sent to Normandy to form part of the 1st Canadian Army.

SPECIAL NOTICE CHURCH SERVICES

Service at St. John's Church, at 4 o'clock this afternoon (Monday). Regular Thanksgiving Service on Sunday at 2 p.m. At St. Paul's Church at 2 p.m. on Sunday afternoon.



# EVER REMEMBER THEIR SACRIFICE

### KILLED IN ACTION



**F/O DOUGLAS HAYTER**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hayter, Huntingdon, Que. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in March 1942. Arrived overseas in January 1943 and received his commission there. Reported missing after air operations over Germany in March 1944, and after the usual lapse of time presumed dead.



**LT. LOUIS MAURICE MALOUGIN**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacques Malouin, Valleyfield, Que. Enlisted in the Cameron Highlanders of Ottawa in 1941, reaching the rank of Lieutenant. Went overseas in 1943 as part of the Third Division, and was killed in the battle of Normandy in the second day of the invasion, July 2, 1944.



**P/O H. ARCHIE MCKELL**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Edgar McKell, Howick, Que. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. March 15, 1943, and was killed in action on July 27, 1944.



**CPL. MELVIN GRAHAM**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Graham of the Gore, Que. Enlisted in the Canadian Grenadier Guards on July 18, 1940. Was killed on active service somewhere in Holland on October 29, 1944. Wife is Mrs. Joyce Graham, St. Johns, Que.



**SGT. WAG HAROLD J. KELLY**  
son of Mr. Austin J. Kelly and the late Mrs. Kelly, Huntingdon, Que. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. and was reported killed in action on August 20, 1942, after air operations over Dieppe.

Mountain View. Received wing at Mount Joli, and went overseas in June 1943. Was reported killed on active service on December 17, 1943, in a bombing raid over enemy territory.

### DIED



**Tpr. EMMETT CARR**  
born at Glenelg, Quebec. Enlisted in the Royal Montreal Regiment on September 9, 1939. Died while on active service August 1943 in his fifty-first year. Mrs. C. H. McLean, Huntingdon, next of kin.

### KILLED IN ACTION



**A/B JAMES EDMUND FISHER**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Fisher, Barrington, Que., enlisted in the Royal Canadian Navy in September, 1940. He was also a nephew of the late Martin B. Fisher, of Hemmingford, Que. Announcement was made on February 18th, 1942, that the Canadian Corvette "Spikard", on which A/B Fisher was serving had been lost and that he was among those considered missing.



**SGT. WAG DOUGLAS J. HAMPSON**  
son of E. E. Hampson, Montreal, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. and reported for duty on September 15th, 1939, was accepted on November 8th, 1940. He went overseas in February, 1941, and was killed in action while on a flying mission over enemy territory, on August 15th, 1941.



**PTE. NORMAN RUSSELL**  
youngest son of Mrs. Helen Peddie, Allan's Corners, Que. Enlisted in the Army on October 26, 1943. Was reported killed in action somewhere in France on August 22, 1944.



**GABRIEL LEDUC**  
son of the late Mr. and Mrs. G. Aime Leduc of Beauharnois. Reported killed in action in October, 1944.



**WILLIAM HEYER BOWDEN**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Bowden, Sutton, Que., formerly of Huntingdon. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in August 1941. Graduated as a Bombardier in October, 1942. Was first reported missing on a flying mission over Germany, and on May 15, 1943, was officially reported killed in action.



**FLT.-SGT. DONALD IVAN BOWDEN**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Bowden, Sutton, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in 1942, went overseas and was reported missing in action in February, 1944, is now for official purposes presumed dead. He is a twin of William Heyer.

### KILLED IN LINE OF DUTY



**FLT.-SGT. NAVIGATOR ROBERT CECIL ROLFE**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Rolfe, Huntingdon, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in July 1940, he received his wing at Mont Joli, Que. In February, 1943, while on a routine flight, the plane disappeared and Flt.-Sgt. Rolfe was reported missing. Late in October, 1944, the remains were reported found and were brought to Huntingdon, November 18th, 1944, for burial.



**LAC JAMES WARD ANDERSON**  
son of Ward Anderson, Montreal, Que., and a native of Fraser's Point, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in June 1941, and was posted to No 2 Service Flying School, Uplands, Ont. He was killed in a plane crash at Uplands, on November 15th, 1941.



**CPL. ROSARIO DUMONT**  
son of Rosario Dumont, Valleyfield, Que. Reported missing at Dieppe. Later prisoner of war in Germany. Entered hospital in Germany in January 1944, and in April 1944 died of tuberculosis while still a Prisoner of War.

### KILLED IN LINE OF DUTY



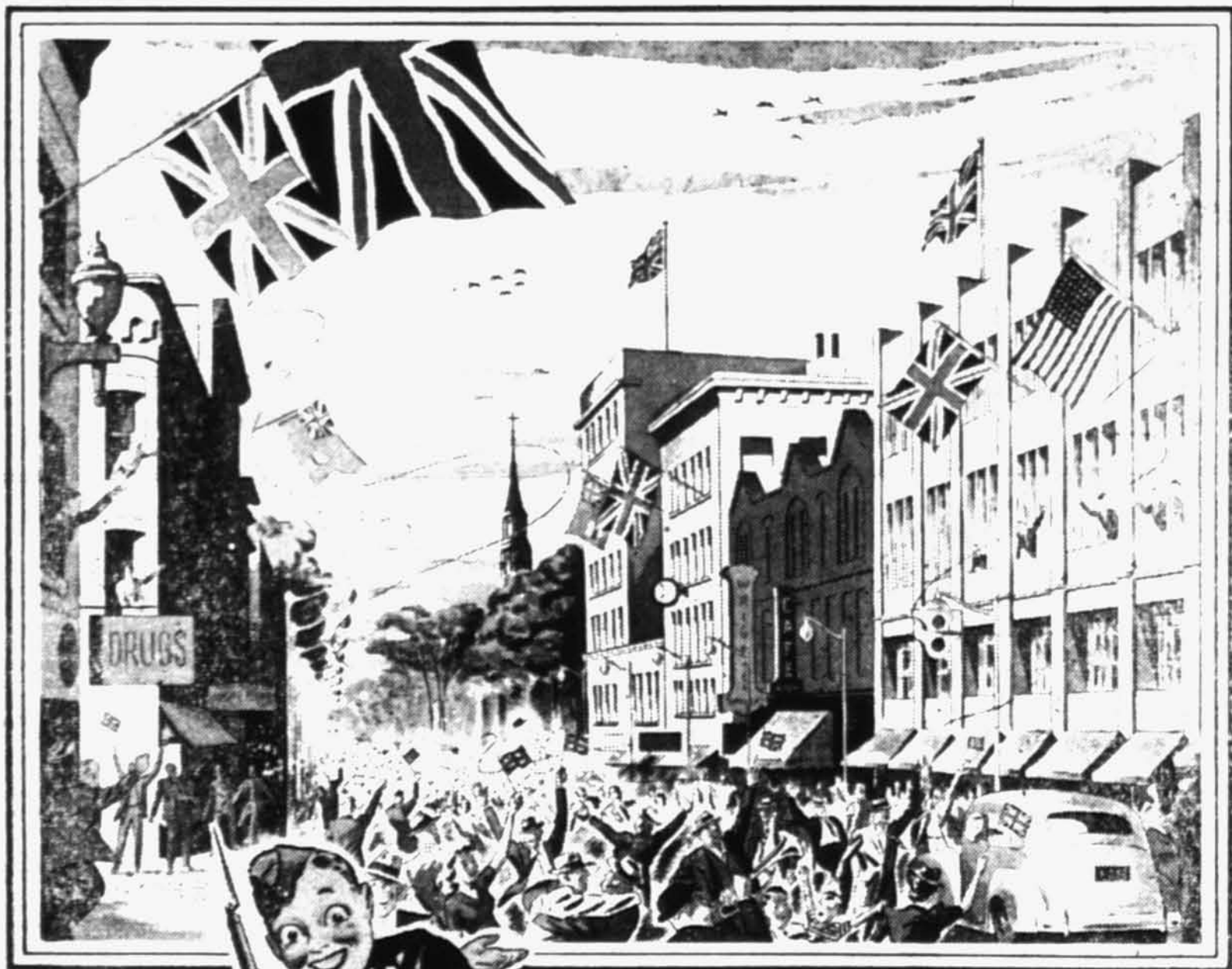
**P/O ALVIN J. NESS**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ness, Howick, Que. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. April 4, 1940. Received wings on June 4, 1942 at St. Hubert. Was killed in line of duty at Ulucluel, B.C., on February 8, 1944.



**CPL. RAYMOND WISHART**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. David Wishart of Sennerville, Que., formerly of Valleyfield, Que. Enlisted in the Royal Montreal Regiment in September 1939 and went overseas in 1940. Was reported missing and in December 1944 was reported killed in action.



**STAFF SGT. ALBERT SUGDEN**  
Killed in action somewhere in Belgium the latter part of October, 1944. His parents live in Valleyfield, and a wife and small daughter live in England.



## Today, of all days . . .

We hope there won't be telephone delays—and we are doing our very best to prevent them. You can help by using your telephone for *essential calls only*.

Today, and for some time to come, telephone lines will be carrying an emergency load. It is important that they be kept clear for urgent official business.

We know how much you'd like to discuss the great news with friends near and far. But we also know that, in victory as under the stress of war, we can count on your co-operation.

**Please make only essential calls**

Still On Active Service  Giving Wings To Words



WE'VE talked Victory. We've thought Victory. We've dreamed Victory—but at last it is really here. The war in Europe is over according to official announcement that has just been released. We cannot express our feelings in words, because while there is joy in our heart at victory, there is sorrow for those who have died that this victory might be achieved. We cannot ever forget the cost of this victory in human lives and suffering.

**E. J. HOLM**

McCull-Fontenac Service Station

Phone 355

Huntingdon

# VICTORY

VICTORY HAS COST EACH OF US MUCH—

Too much for the results of Victory to be lightly regarded. In war we have sacrificed to the end that Victory may be attained and Peace again return to mankind. Now that victory and peace have returned to us, we must continue to work together to ensure that peace shall remain with us.

We all must continue to serve wherever there is need.

**FARMERS' TELEPHONE COMPANY**  
HOWICK, QUEBEC



**SGT. WARD ALLEN**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Allen of Riverview, Que. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. July 18, 1942. Trained at

Following call of duty in our possession taken to be known, but these. If names that Beauharnois in the district hand. It is count of there is no shall be ad In this tions. In this district has been m

Name and ABBOTT, ALDIS, W. ALLAN, G. ALLEN, R. ALLEN, W. AMIOT, J. AMOS, G. AMOS, Ne ALLARD, ANDERSON, ANDERSON, ANDERSON, ANDERSON, ANDERSON, ANDRE, J. ARMSTRONG, ARMSTRONG, ARMSTRONG, ARNOLD, ARTHUR, ARTHUR, ARTHUR, ASSELYN, ATKINSON, AUGER, N. ARTHUR, AURELE, AUTHOT, ARNOLD, ANDERSON, AMOS, A.

BARRING, BARRING, BOWDEN, BOWDEN, BOX, Rob. BOYD, An. BOY, Ger. BOYER, I. BRADLEY, BRAULT, BRAZIER, BRAZIER, BRAZIER, BRIBRE, BROOKS, BROOKS, BROOKS, BROOKS, BROWN, BROWN, BROWN, BRUCE, I. BRYSON, BRYSON, BRYSON, BRYSON, BRYSON, BURNAL, BURROES, GURNET, BURNS, I. BURROW, BURROW, BEAUCH, BRUCE, I. BAILEY, BAILLARD, BAIRD, G. BAIRD, I. BARNES, BARNES, BARON, BARR, W. BARRING, BARRING, BARRING, BARRING, BARTLE, BARTON







# Salute the Boys Who Have Brought Victory

## V-DAY is here! The Hour of TRIUMPH

The war against Hitler and his Nazi hordes has been won—that great news has reached us at last. V-Day is here and the Hour of Triumph has arrived. Gloomy days have turned to joy at the news of this great victory. The hope is that peace will bring in its wake a more marked unity of nations and settlement of international disputes without resort to warfare. The submission of Germany and the ideals of Nazism should put an end to further fears of aggression and make the future safe. Thanks to men of the Navy, Army and Airforce for this splendid victory over what was once a very formidable foe—they have saved our way of life and many have given their lives that we may continue to enjoy liberty and freedom.

### O'CONNORS INC.

PHONE 821

HUNTINGDON, QUE.

### Where Allied Leaders Planned Axis Defeat



Historic Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, nerve centre of Conference when Prime Minister Churchill and President Roosevelt approved final arrangements for destruction of Germany and Japan. Inset shows artist's drawing of living room of Royal Suite.

THE VICTORY BONDS YOU BOUGHT HELPED TO HASTEN V-DAY

### Canada Writes Noble Chapter in War Annals

#### Three Branches of Armed Forces Grow up With Second Great War to Play Big Part in Nazi Defeat

By The Canadian Press

Canada's fighting forces hail victory in Europe with the knowledge that the three branches of the service grew from gallant pioneer units in the first stage of the battle against Germany to an impressive symbol of the Dominion's contribution to the cause of the United Nations.

Trained for a peacetime world, Canadians streamed from the farms, the mines and the factories to bring the armed forces to a total strength of more than 765,000 including nearly 32,000 women.

After the bitter days when Germany invaded Poland in September, 1939, Canada's army expanded until, for the first time in history, the Dominion sent into the field a separate Canadian Army formation. This was the 1st Canadian Army which fought up the Normandy beachhead through Belgium and the Netherlands to the gates of the Reich.

In the heartbreaking months of 1940 Canadian airmen helped repel the German air blitz on Britain as members of the R.A.F. The Royal Canadian Air Force now has a strength of some 203,000, serving in all parts of the world.

Since the early stages of the battle of the Atlantic when the Royal Canadian Navy served as an anti-submarine arm of the Royal Navy, Canada's naval service grew to a balanced fighting unit equipped for offensive as well as defensive action.

#### WIDESPREAD OPERATIONS

And behind this development in strength and reputation lay the story of Canada's part in the Battle of Britain, Hong Kong, Spitzbergen, Malta, Dieppe, North Africa, Sicily, Italy, France.

Three months after Canada's declaration of war against Germany, the first contingent of Canadian troops reached Britain Dec. 17, 1939, a second contingent arriving five days after Christmas. In the meantime, Canadian airmen serving with the R.A.F. flew on early bombing raids against Germany. At home, the Canadian government drew up plans for training empire fliers within the Dominion.

The first R.C.A.F. squadron arrived in Britain in February, 1940, as Canadians in the R.A.F. were receiving first awards for gallantry in air action against Germany. Canadians training in Britain fretted for action as Norway fell and Nazi forces thrust through the Low Countries. Canadians were given orders to prepare for their first action in April after the invasion of Norway but the orders were cancelled.

Canadian army forces were ready to embark once more as Germany surged westward into France, but sailing orders were withdrawn when France fell and the few Canadians who had crossed the Channel earlier were evacuated.

Meanwhile Britons withstood the Nazi air blitz and Canadians in R.A.F. squadrons battled in the skies over London to help destroy 1,000 attacking enemy craft in three weeks.

At home, trained recruits from all parts of Canada went aboard in a half-dozen old United States destroyers the Dominion had taken over to aid in the Battle of the Atlantic.

In August, troops of the 2nd Canadian Division arrived in Britain, and, at the end of the year, Britain welcomed from Canadian training centres first graduates of the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan.

#### 1ST CANADIAN CORPS

During the winter, the 1st Canadian Corps was formed and Canadians went to Gibraltar as tunnellers to aid in improvement of defensive positions there. The first R.C.A.F. fighter squadron was formed and more Canadian troops from Canada joined those already training in Britain.

After Germany started her Russian campaign in 1941, Canadians in



WITH hostilities in Europe now brought to a close it is but natural to believe we will be able to procure a greater selection of all kinds of merchandise in the very near future. We have done our post-war planning and our plan calls for our greatly extending our retail store business and providing Huntingdon with a merchandising outlet that will surpass anything Huntingdon has ever had in the past. We all know right well we will have to provide employment for many more when the soldiers return home, with our plan of expansion in retail merchandising we fully expect to add personnel to our staff.

Courtesy to customers has always been practised by this store and we aim to keep it such.

## W. E. LEFEBVRE Reg'd.

"The Place to Do Your Shopping"

### Hats Off To Our Returning Heroes

### VICTORY HERE

Victory was announced today—we have conquered the Nazis at last. Hitler and his hordes will no longer run rampant over Europe, they have been beaten and peace will now reign once again in the war-torn countries of Europe. Together with the people of this district we offer our thanks to the men of the Navy, Army and Air Force for the splendid work they have done in bringing the European war to a successful conclusion. It is a great day in the history of the world and one that will mark a new era of peace.

## Kelly & Lanktree

"The Family Shoe Store"  
Huntingdon, Que.

the R.A.F. fighter wing went to the Russian front and the R.C.A.P. saw action with the Coastal Command. In September, Canadian army forces hit the headlines with their raid on Spitzbergen. In November the first Canadian tank troops arrived in England.

Following the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour and the United States' entry into the war, Canadian infantrymen serving in the Far East saw the fall of Hong Kong, Dec. 25, 1941. By New Year's Canadian airmen were flying in Malta's defence against Italian and German aerial bombardment. By now Canadians were serving in several theatres with some 200,000 in the army and 100,000 in air force blue.

The 1,000-bomber raid on Cologne, with R.C.A.P. crews taking part, made aerial history for the Allies on May 30, 1942.

Canadians struck at Dieppe Aug. 19, 1942, in the costly combined operations raid which formed a pattern for future attacks combining use of ground, aerial and naval forces together.

#### IN NORTH PACIFIC

Meanwhile, Canadian naval forces were taking a more active part in the battle of the seas. In October the Canadian Navy joined United States forces in occupation of the Andreanof Islands in the North Pacific. By the end of the year, R.C.A.P. squadrons, overseas numbered more than 30, Canadians flying with the R.A.F. numbered more than 25 per cent of the parent force's aircrews and R.C.A.P. bombers had flown over the Alps to blast Italian targets.

A detachment of Canadian troops of the 1st Canadian Army joined the British 1st Army in North Africa in 1943 after the Royal Canadian Navy played an active part in joint Anglo-American landings there. Canadian corvettes now were operating in the Mediterranean.

On July 10, the 1st Canadian Division joined General Montgomery's army in the combined British-United States invasion of Sicily. The Allied thrust on Italy followed, as Canadian forces were increased to a corps, aiding in the liberation of Rome and the smash into northern Italy.

Meanwhile, Canadians joined American forces in the unopposed occupation of Klaka Island in the Aleutians.

The long-awaited invasion of France June 6, 1944, saw the Canadian 3rd Division in the first assault force on the Normandy coast. The 2nd and 4th armored divisions joined the 3rd. On Aug. 7 a cheering House of Commons in Ottawa heard the news that Canada for the first time in history had a separate army formation in the field—the 1st Canadian Army—holding the eastern end of the Normandy line against some of Germany's toughest troops.

Field Marshall von Kluge concentrated his main defence in the Caen area of Normandy to block the road to Paris and Canadians and British shared the honour of shattering the great Nazi army after weeks of heavy fighting. Their heroic fight allowed American columns to strike through Brittany and then eastward across France.

The Canadian Army moved into Belgium after liberating Dieppe, and other Channel ports and then played a big part in the capture of Brussels. In September the Canadian 1st Army moved across the frontier into Holland.

On Aug. 15 Canadians in the joint United States-Canadian service force, the veterans of Italy and Klaka, joined the Canadian Navy in the commando-like blows which helped knock out German forces in southern France, paving the way for the American-French landing parties.



### TWO GREAT AND A GREAT VICTORY

V-DAY is a great day in our lives and a great day in the lives of the two men—Roosevelt and Churchill—who have planned for this day. The War in Europe has been won and the victory is ours. We are proud of this Victory, proud that we are a part of this great Empire and that we are subjects of a splendid King and Queen. Above all on this great V-Day we are proud of the men who have fought the battles which have resulted in victory for our cause. We hope ere long to see them returning to their homes and once more working in peace—something they have earned by right of conquest—and entitled to by right of sacrifice. We stand today with joy in our hearts and a thank you on our lips.

Fortune's Drug Store Reg'd. Huntingdon



### WE SING WITH JOY



### FOR THE VICTORY WHICH IS OURS

WE feel that we can sing with joy at this great news of the end of the war in Europe. It is a great day in the world today, one that will live long in the memories of all of us. The war has had its dark days and even right near to victory, reverses were experienced that made us stop and think. It has provided some very sober thinking and still provides such thought. But in view of the fact that this is V-DAY, we feel that our hearts should be full of joy and that we can lift our voices in songs of praise for the fine job our sailors, soldiers and airmen have done.

## Shell Service Station

J. E. MYERS, Lessee  
Huntingdon, P.Q.



# WE OWE OUR VICTORY TO SUCH MEN AS THESE

## OUR JOY IS TOO DEEP FOR WORDS

Which are adequate to express the thrill which Victory brings to our hearts.

We rejoice that so many of our friends may now look forward to happy reunions and the eventual dawn of peace.



**J. R. TULLY**  
Lumber Dealer and Building Supplies  
Phone 2213 • Huntingdon

### DIED OF WOUNDS



**PTE. HAROLD J. COSGROVE**  
husband of Mrs. Rose Marie Oulmet Cosgrove, Huntingdon, Que. Enlisted in the Canadian Infantry Corps on April 19, 1943. Went over-

seas in March 1944. He was wounded in action in Italy early in August, 1944, and was reported to have died on August 19, 1944.



**LIEUT. GORDON W. L. GRANT**  
son of Capt. Grant (Overseas) and Mrs. Grant, Lacolle, Que. Graduate of Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont. Commissioned in the Black Watch in 1942 and went overseas same year. It was announced the latter part of October, 1944, that he had died of wounds received while serving on the Western Front.

seas in March 1944. He was wounded in action in Italy early in August, 1944, and was reported to have died on August 19, 1944.

### KILLED IN LINE OF DUTY

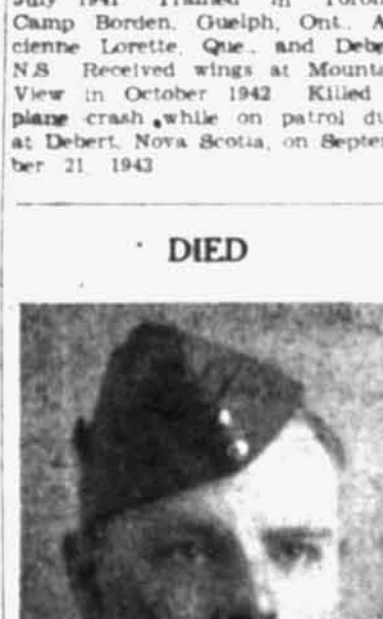


### KILLED IN ACTION



**P/O. CLAUDE-HAMEL LEDUC**  
Next of kin Maurice Leduc, Valleyfield, Que. Word was received in October, 1944, that P/O Leduc had been killed while on a flying mission and his death occurred in Arabia.

### KILLED IN LINE OF DUTY



### KILLED IN LINE OF DUTY



**P/O. JOHN LOUIS CORTEAU**  
Accidentally killed in a plane accident at or near Cap de la Madeleine in November 1943. His next of kin is his wife Mrs. J. L. Corteau, Beauharnois, Que.



**PTE. W. GRANT CAMERON**  
Died on November 19, 1940, of spinal meningitis, while on active duty somewhere in England. Next of kin Gordon Cameron, Huntingdon, brother.

### KILLED IN ACTION



**SGT. WAG EDGAR W. PILBOROUGH**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Pilborough, Chateaugay Heights and Montreal. Enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in August, 1940, and was attached to the R.A.P. Arrived in England in September 1941. Was reported missing after air operations over Essen in June 1942, and in September 1942 was reported killed in action.

**PTE. RENE LACROIX**  
Reported killed in an accident in Nova Scotia in June 1944. Next of kin Mr. Lacroix, 50 Champlain St., Valleyfield, Que.

### DIED



**PTE. ELMER ROBERT**  
son of Mrs. Jean Ritchie, Covey Hill, Que. Enlisted in the Canadian Army and went overseas. Was a patient in a hospital in England for five months suffering from rheumatism, from which he later died.



**A/CPL. STEWART JOHN ELDER**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. George Elder, Athelstan, Que., enlisted in the Grenadier Guards, on June 21st, 1940. In September, 1944, high tribute was paid to Guardsman "Jack" Elder when the Grenadier Guards led the way over the Ghent Canal. The following is the tribute: "Guardsman Jack Elder of Chateaugay had been in three tanks which had been knocked out. He never says anything but is always as cool as a cucumber and ready with his gun for anything." On the 18th of March, 1945, news was received that A/Cpl. S. J. Elder had been killed in action. He went overseas in May, 1942.

*"Greater Love Hath No Man Than This, That He Lay Down His Life For His Friends"*



**HITLER HAS BEEN LICKED**

MANY times during this war we have heard the cry—Lick Hitler with War Savings Stamps—now he has been licked. Victory has been won and we are proud of the men who have achieved this victory for us. We have tried to do our part with War Savings Stamps and Victory Bonds—but the real part has been done by the men of the forces.

**S. J. CURRIE**  
Phone 418 • Huntingdon

## VICTORY SALUTE

What better way for celebrating the news of Victory than to greet your friends and acquaintances with the Victory Salute. This has been made famous by Prime Minister Churchill throughout the war, and who is there that is not an admirer of this stalwart gentleman. Let us make the Victory Salute the symbol of celebration for this V-Day. It will be a sign of our appreciation to the men of the armed forces for the victory they have given us.

**H. ZABITSKY**  
Phone 395 • Huntingdon

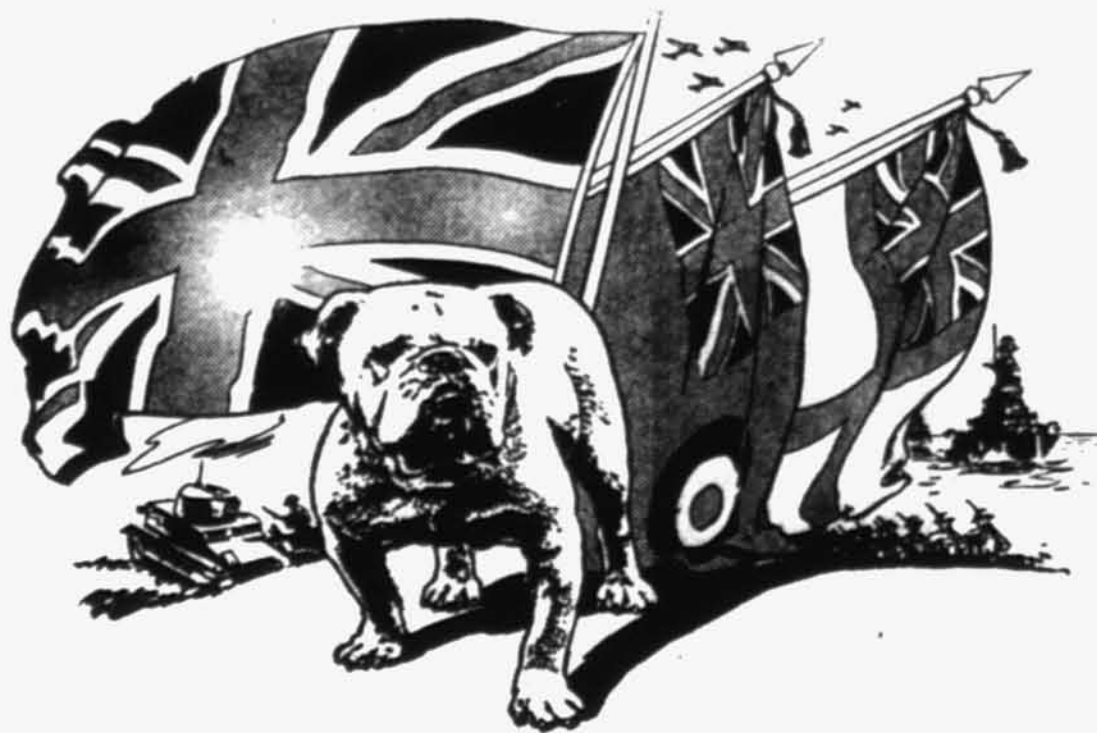


Yes it is here at last, the day we have waited for and hoped for and "Johnny" will soon be marching home again. He will be doffing his uniform for good old "civies" and we hope that we may have the pleasure of serving him. In the meantime we extend thanks to the fighting men for the victory they have won. It will be grand to have our boys back home again after all these years, it will be grand to return to the peaceful times when there will be no talk of war.



**F. Lefebvre & Son, Reg'd.**  
Merchant Tailors and Gents' Furnishings,  
Huntingdon, P.Q.

# VICTORY



## V-DAY is here!

Yes the long awaited day of VICTORY has arrived and we are glad that the war in Europe is now over and that Hitler and his Nazi gang have at last been beaten. We offer our thanks to the men and women of the Armed Forces and to the men and women on the Production Front. The Ford Motor Company has played

an important part in this victory and the people of the country have had to do without Ford Cars, as well as tires and many other motoring needs. We hope that this will soon be rectified and that we shall be able to supply your needs in Ford Cars and other products in a very short time from now.

## Empire Garage Reg'd

FORD CARS, TRUCKS and TRACTORS IMPERIAL GAS, OILS and GREASES  
SERVICE AND REPAIRS TO ALL MAKES OF CARS  
Chateaugay Street PHONE 461 Huntingdon, P.Q.

## The Hour of TRIUMPH

For the Dauntless Spirit of Millions of Men and Women in the Services — Some of Them Our Own Sons and Daughters — We Are Thankful.

Surely This is a Day to Pay Them All Tribute

**W. S. BROWN**  
Jeweller and Optometrist

PHONE 362 • HUNTINGDON



# Let us give Thanks



## Victory and Peace



REV. J. B. MACLEAN, D.D.

back into the world, into our Country, into our town? O Lord, Master of the destiny of all nations, we thank Thee most sincerely. We join our voices with the voices of all the bells of the world, and sing the Te Deum of thanksgiving. War is the fruit and result of sin. War is the spirit of Satan, which fights against the spirit of God and would like to destroy upon earth the kingdom of God. War is over. If we want to establish in the world a lasting peace, let us make it a peace based upon justice and charity. The salvation of the world rests and only rests in the restoration, whole and entire, of Christian Brotherhood in the Fatherhood of Christ. Let us beg of God to inspire the rulers of the world and the rulers of our Country in their working-out of international peace.

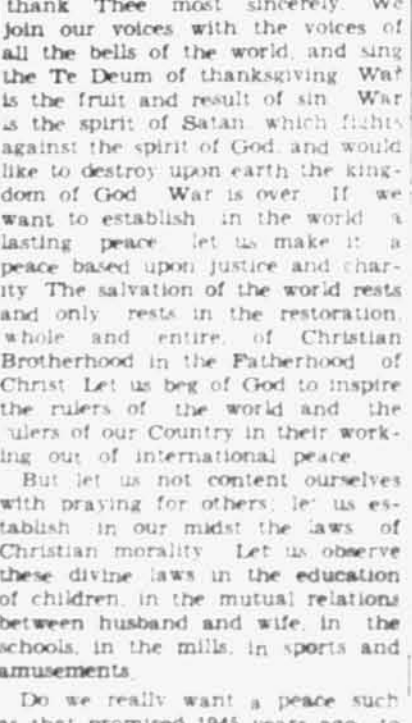
But let us not content ourselves with praying for others; let us establish in our midst the laws of Christian morality. Let us observe these divine laws in the education of children, in the mutual relations between husband and wife, in the schools, in the mills, in sports and amusements.

Do we really want a peace such as that promised 1945 years ago to men of good will? Let us kneel down and pray for our private and public life as true, faithful and loyal disciples of Christ. There is no other way for the lasting assurance of peace and happiness in our homes in our country and in the world.

Unless the Lord build the house, those who build it labor in vain. Unless the Lord protect the city, those who guard her watch in vain. (Psalm 126)

Rev. Arthur Pigeon,  
Pastor of St. Joseph's Church

## Fellow Citizens of Huntingdon County



REV. W. S. HATCHER.

There have been times when everything looked dark, when we feared that Germany, being so well prepared, would compel the whole of Europe to accept its doctrine. That day has passed. The victory which we celebrate today has come.

Soon shall be seen Love's kindly light  
Glimmering from the tomb shall life once more  
Wake to new beauty; terror shall pass  
God still is God, His will shall be done  
Wherever shines his kindly sun.  
Hatred, and strife and war have ceased—  
There shall be peace!

Donald E. Black, M.P.

## A Victory Message



REV. T. KNOWLES

At last the long awaited day of Victory has come. Let us face it with happy yet sober thoughts and bright hopes. Our first thought must be that of gratitude to Almighty God for all His wonderful deliverances and blessings without which, victory would have been impossible.

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## A Message of Peace

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## Victory and Peace



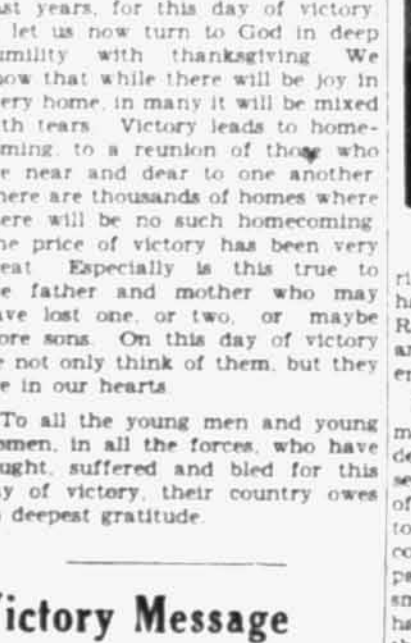
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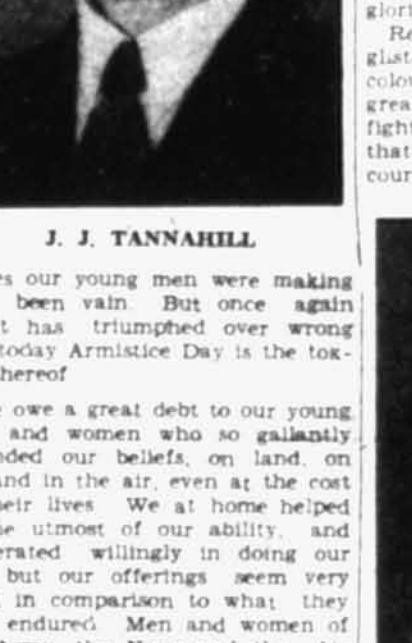
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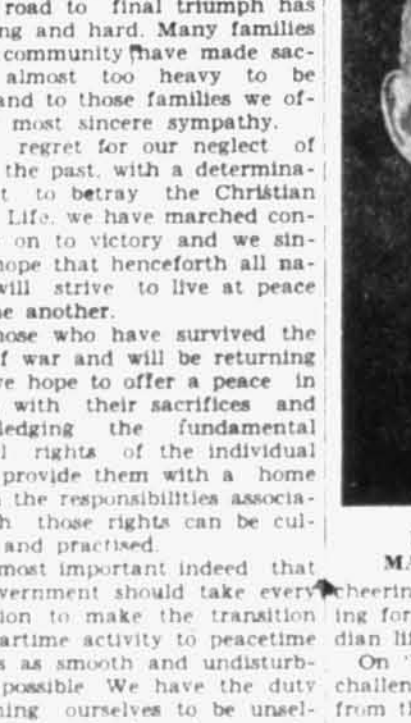
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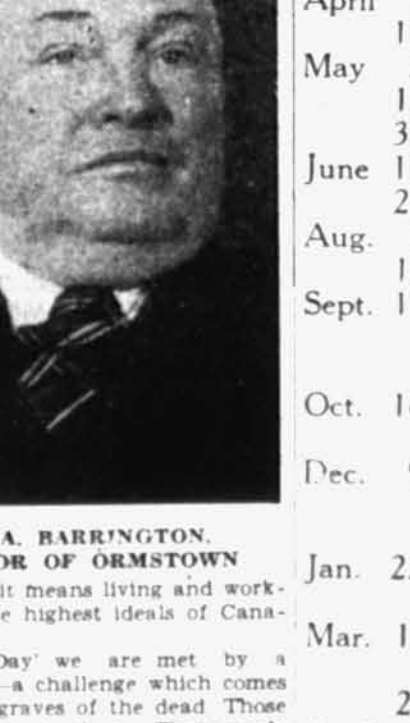
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## In Gratefulness Of Victory



D. A. BARRINGTON, MAYOR OF ORMSTOWN

Dear Sir,  
At your request I give me great pleasure to address the following message to the citizens of the County of Chateauguay on the occasion of V-E day.

Peace on earth to men of good will. Let us bow before God, adore Him and thank Him.

Today our flag floats everywhere and displays in its tricolour folds its triumphal hymn. Let us respectfully stop and sing with it on this glorious day.

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Yours sincerely,  
D. A. Barrington, Mayor.

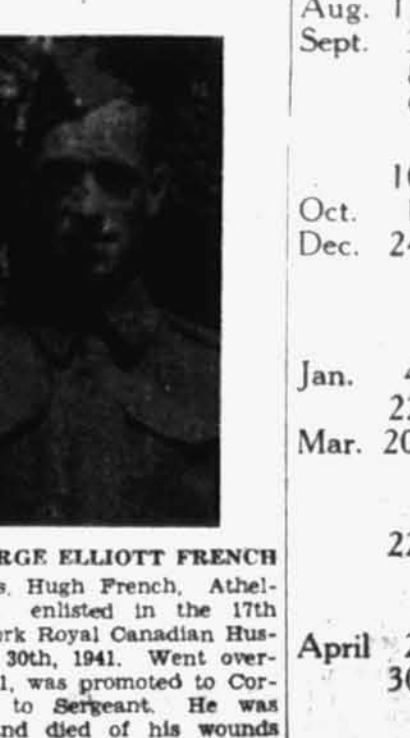
## Awarded DFC



P.O. H. ANDREW FAWCETT

son of Mr and Mrs A. Fawcett, Huntingdon, Que., who was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross for great gallantry and devotion to duty while serving with the No. 139 Squadron of the Royal Air Force. The award was dated November 14, 1944. P.O. Fawcett enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in October, 1941, and received his wings at Calgary, Alberta, in September, 1942. He was also awarded the badge of the famous Pathfinder Force of the Royal Air Force Bomber Command. He participated in 14 raids over Berlin.

## Died of Wounds



SGT. GEORGE ELLIOTT FRENCH

son of Mrs. Hugh French, Athol, Que., enlisted in the 17th Duke of York Royal Canadian Hussars, April 30th, 1941. Went overseas in 1941, was promoted to Corporal and to Sergeant. He was wounded and died of his wounds on Christmas Day, 1944.

# THE WAR IN EUROPE

## CHRONOLOGY

1939

- Sept. 1—Germany invaded Poland.
- 3—Britain and France declared war on Germany.
- 10—Canada declared war on Germany.
- 28—Germany and Russia partitioned Poland.

1940

- April 9—Germany invaded Norway and Denmark.
- 15—British and French troops landed in Norway.
- May 2—British evacuated southern Norway.
- 10—Germany invaded the Low Countries.
- 30—British evacuated Dunkerque.
- June 10—Canada declared war on Italy.
- 22—German-French armistice agreement signed.
- Aug. 6—Italians began offensive in Egypt.
- 15—Germany attacked Britain with 1,000 planes.
- Sept. 15—R.A.F. repelled German air blitz of Britain destroying at least 185 planes in day's operations.
- Oct. 18—British announced R.A.F. foiled German attempt to invade Britain Sept. 16.
- Dec. 9—British started attack in western Egypt.

1941

- Jan. 22—British captured Tobruk, Libya, taking 25,000 prisoners.
- Mar. 10—British troops embarked from Alexandria for Greece.
- 24—Axis forces started counter-offensive in Libya.
- April 6—Germany attacked Yugoslavia and Greece.
- 13—Axis forces recaptured Bardia, Libya.
- May 20—Germans attacked Crete in first airborne action.
- 31—British evacuated Crete.
- June 22—Germany, Italy and Romania declared war on Russia.
- July 7—U.S. naval forces landed in Iceland.
- 12—Britain and Russia signed agreement for joint action against Germany.
- Nov. 18—British resumed offensive in Libya.

1942

- Jan. 13—Retreating Axis armies made stand near Gulf of Sirte.
- 27—First American troops arrived in Northern Ireland.
- 29—Axis forces recaptured Bengasi.
- May 30—More than 1,000 Canadians participated in 1,000 plane raid on Cologne.
- June 21—Axis forces recaptured Tobruk.
- 29—Axis forces recaptured Mersa Matruh, Egypt.
- July 1—Germans captured Sevastopol.
- Aug. 19—Canadians led attack on Dieppe.
- Sept. 6—Axis eastward drive stopped at El Alamein.
- Oct. 24—British 8th Army started offensive at El Alamein.
- Nov. 7—American expeditionary force landed in French North Africa.
- 11—Germans occupied all France.
- 13—British 8th Army recaptured Tobruk.
- Dec. 13—Axis forces retreated from El Agheila.

1943

- Jan. 18—Seventeen-month siege of Stalingrad broken.
- 23—British 8th Army occupied Tripoli.
- Mar. 28—British 8th Army crushed Mareth Line in Tunisia.
- May 7—Tunis and Bizerte fall.
- 13—Axis resistance in Africa ended.
- July 10—Canadian, British and American troops invaded Sicily.
- 25—Mussolini resigned and Marshal Pietro Badoglio installed as head of military government.
- Aug. 17—Conquest of Sicily completed.
- Sept. 3—Canadians landed on Italian mainland.
- 8—Italy surrendered unconditionally.
- 9—Allied 5th Army established beachhead at Salerno.
- 10—Germans abandoned Smolensk.
- Oct. 1—Allied 5th Army occupied Naples.
- Dec. 24—General D. D. Eisenhower appointed to direct Allied invasion of Europe from the west.

1944

- Jan. 4—Soviet Army crossed Polish line.
- 22—5th Army established Anzio beachhead.
- Mar. 20—Lt.-Gen. H. D. G. Crerar succeeded Lt.-Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton as commander of 1st Canadian Army.
- 22—Mass escape and execution of 44 R.A.F. and 6 R.C.A.F. officers, prisoners of war in Germany.
- April 2—Russians invaded Romania.
- 30—Canadian destroyer Athabaskan sunk in English Channel; 107 missing.

(Continued on page 12)



**May We Join With You In This Great Victory**

**WM. A. EMPSELL & CO.**  
Malone's Dept. Store

## To the Citizens of Ormstown

The success which has followed the arms of our Canadian Forces and those of our Allies has brought us to the doorstep of the enemy and the Day of Victory is at hand. For this Day we have been anxiously waiting and now that the bugle has sounded the end of hostilities in Europe, unbridled celebrations will be the order of the day. But although the day of Victory will be a memorable one, it is also a Memorial Day—a day of memories—a day which should have a profound effect upon our lives and thoughts, for the heroic dead; died for a purpose, for a principle, for a cause, and it behoves us to continue what they began.

Therefore 'V-Day' should develop in us a higher patriotism. By this I do not mean a wild flag-waving on the one hand and the utter disregarding of our country's laws on the other. True patriotism is something more than pious talk or an eye searching the headlines for that dream of peace which is about to be realized.

The road to final triumph has been long and hard. Many families in this community have made sacrifices almost too heavy to be borne, and to those families we offer our most sincere sympathy.

With respect to our neglect of God in the past, with a determination not to betray the Christian Way of Life, we have marched confidently on to victory and we sincerely hope that henceforth all nations will strive to live at peace with one another.

To those who have survived the perils of war and will be returning home we hope to offer a peace in keeping with their sacrifices and acknowledging the fundamental personal rights of the individual and to provide them with a home wherein the responsibilities associated with those rights can be cultivated and practised.

It is most important indeed that the Government should take every precaution to make the transition from wartime activity to peacetime progress as smooth and undisturbed as possible. We have the duty of training ourselves to be unselfish, inspiring leaders during the peaceful years ahead.

D. J. O'Connor, M.L.A.

## M.L.A. Message



D. J. O'CONNOR, M.L.A.

PEACE MESSAGE  
On September 3, 1939, at 11 a.m., Great Britain went to war in defence of Poland. At that time we were at peace with Germany and we remained so until September 10, 1939, at 12:40 noon. Other nations large and small, followed until it seemed the greater part of the world was armed and in military combat.

What did this last six years mean? It meant for some to handle a gun, to guide a plane or a tank, to guard the high seas, to roll bandages, to constantly sew or knit, to become a blood donor, to work in a Soldiers' Club, to provide and mail parcels and cards to overseas service men, to buy bonds, and all to become a part of the war effort.

As Canadians we may indeed be proud this day for our successful part of the united effort to maintain freedom. Our accomplishments during the war years have been magnificent. We have demonstrated potentialities that will carry us through the years and will achieve for us a more prominent niche in international affairs.

To our Army, our Navy and our Air Force; to the men and women on the home front—every Canadian anywhere who contributed to the most inspiring page emblazoned in the history of a young, enterprising nation—I pay my sincere tribute. To those who bear sorrow as a result of the war I extend my heartfelt sympathy with the reminder that Canada will never forget her gallant heroes and will always take a certain part in affairs of mankind to make certain that their sacrifices were not in vain.

A greater Canada emerges from this with an ear glued to the radio

## HONORE MERCIER, M.P.P.

try, our religion, our homes. May the clamour of our cries of joy reach them everywhere and tell them our respect because they are the bearers of this glory.

All is decked with flags, our arms are outstretched towards those who will cross the great ocean. Whether we are young or old, they will know how anxious and worried we were during their long absence.

Red, White and Blue—Plouly, these tints of our nation will lose themselves in the infinite. Our flag vibrates throughout the immensity of this great sky, where the souvenir of our men who fell over there will be jealously kept in the glorious weaves of our banner. These sacrificed lives, forever immortalized, are those of our missing ones. Let us pray for them!

Banderoles, oriflammes of triumph, always remember in this victory those whose country was badly affected. To those with severed arms, to the seriously wounded, to those who well knew the meaning of cold and hunger, may we lend a helping hand and cooperate so that they will recover happy and peaceful days in a life of tranquility.

Chateauguay! You who knew the meaning of memorable battles and whose history is still being glorified today. We highly proclaim, on this day, the deeds of your children, heroes who walked in the shadow of the flag. Numerous were the sacrifices they had to make to overcome the perilous obstacles which resulted in this victory of ours today!

Those sailors, who will always be swung to and fro by the blue seas and the waves which will eternally sing their heroism.

Those soldiers, stricken over there on those far-away fields, whose warrior imprints will never be erased.

Those airmen, whose wings were snapped, with you, I greatly deplore those who will never return.

All these brave men have passed into Eternity to revive the glory of those uncrowned heroes.

HONORE MERCIER, M.P.P.,  
Chateauguay, P.Q.

## J. J. TANNAHILL



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rices our young men were making had been vain. But once again Right has triumphed over wrong and today Armistice Day is the token thereof.

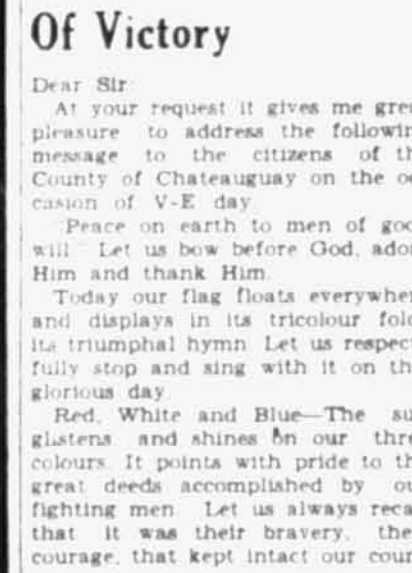
We owe a great debt to our young men and women who so gallantly defended our beliefs, on land, on sea and in the air, even at the cost of their lives. We at home helped to the utmost of our ability, and cooperated willingly in doing our part but our offerings seem very small in comparison to what they have endured. Men and women of the Army, the Navy and the Air Force, please accept our humble thanks for the great work you have done in making Armistice Day possible. We also give thanks for the great men who led the Allies through these troubled years.

May we make this Armistice the Armistice for all time. But we are not finished yet. We have still more to do if we are worthy of this Armistice. Contingent with Armistice is the eventual return of young people from military life and we must not fail them now. We must do all in our power to make their re-establishment and re-adjustment to civilian life happy and successful.

To those who have lost their dear ones in this terrible war we extend our heartfelt sympathy and may God bless and comfort you all.

J. J. Tannahill,  
Warden of the County of Huntingdon

## In Gratefulness Of Victory



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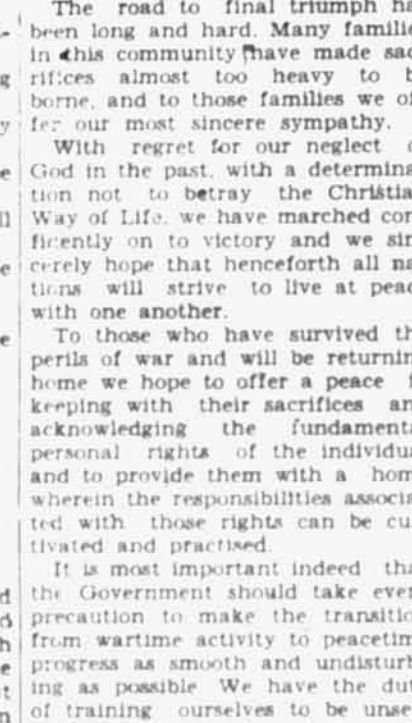
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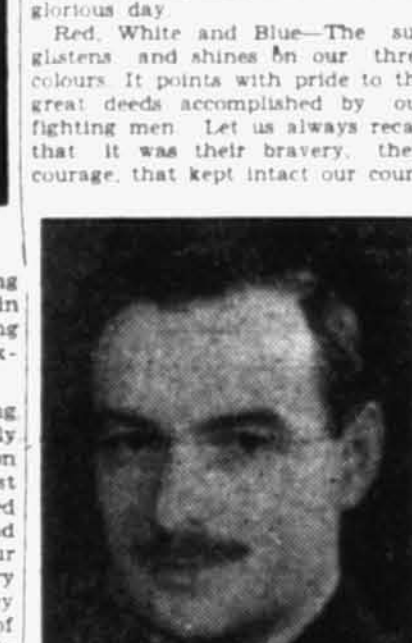
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# REPORTED AMONG THE MISSING

## Missing - Believed Killed



**SGT-PILOT ALBERT WINSTON ARMSTRONG**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Armstrong, Dundee, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. on July 22nd, 1940. Word received on June 5th, 1942, that he was missing believed killed on June 3rd, 1942.

## Missing - Presumed Dead



**P/O T. ALAN GOUNDREY**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Goundrey, Riverfield, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. on May 15th, 1941. He was reported missing in May, 1944, and was for official purposes presumed dead in April, 1945.



**CPO J. BLAIR MENZIES**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Menzies, Montreal, and formerly of Valleyfield, Que., enlisted in the R.C.N.V.R. in August, 1942, was reported missing with the sinking of H.M.C.S. Valleyfield in October, 1944. He was for official purposes presumed dead.



**W/O A. A. MCGAIG**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Mc-Gaig, St. Louis de Gonzague, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. on October 8, 1941, and went overseas in November, 1942. He was reported missing in July, 1944.



**F/O ROBERT FRASER CLUFF**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Cluff, Huntingdon, Que., who enlisted in the R.C.A.F. at the age of 18 years and went overseas in 1943. He attended Huntingdon High School and was at McGill University for 16 months prior to enlistment. He was reported missing in April, 1944, after air operations. He received his training at New Brunswick, Belleville and Trenton and graduated at Winnipeg as a Sergeant-Bombardier. While overseas he received rank promotion until he attained the rank of Flying Officer.

## Missing

**SGT. BILLIE CARMICHAEL**  
Born at Howick, Que., November 22nd, 1920, next of kin Mrs. A. S. Lavallier, of Ottawa, Ont., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. at Ottawa, in July, 1940. He was reported to have crashed at sea and officially reported missing.



**TECH. SGT. ROBT. E. CAMPBELL**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Campbell, Ormstown, Que., United States 15th Air Force, awarded USA Air Medal with Two Oak Leaf Clusters in recognition of meritorious service to his country. Was reported missing in action over Yugo-Slavia, on January 31st, 1945.

## Killed in Action



**PTE. NELSON ANDREW LOGAN**  
youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Logan, Howick, Que., who enlisted in August, 1942, and went overseas in September, 1943. He was killed in action somewhere in Germany, on March 24th, 1945.



**PTE. LUCIEN COLPRON**  
son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Colpron, Ste. Martine, Que., was called for duty in 1940 and in 1944 signed to go overseas and went over in July of that year. On October 25th, 1944, he was killed in action in Belgium.

## Missing



**PTE. ANGE ALBERT BRAULT**  
Husband of Mrs. Irene (Ferland) Brault, of Valleyfield, Que., enlisted with Canadian Infantry, in June, 1940, was reported missing after the Dieppe Raid.



**SGT. HAROLD MURPHY**  
Son of Mrs. Emmet Murphy, Huntingdon, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in August, 1942, graduated as an observer at Chatham, N.B., on March 10, 1944, and went overseas in May, 1944. He was reported missing after air operations on November 29, 1944.



**PTE. DRIVER INSTRUCTOR EARLE MILNE SAMPLE**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Sample, Covey Hill, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.S.C. at Toronto, Ont., on August 7, 1942, and went overseas in November, 1943. He was reported missing on February 23, 1945.

## Missing-Presumed Dead



**W/O G. D. PETTES**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Pettes, Ormstown, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F. in May, 1941, and went overseas in November, 1942. He was promoted to Warrant Officer in January, 1944, and reported missing in February, 1944. He is now for official purposes presumed dead.

## Killed in Action



**SUB-LT. WILLIAM J. MUNRO**  
son of Mrs. Ruby M. Munro, Huntingdon, Que., enlisted in the R.C.N.V.R. in October, 1942, and was called for duty in January, 1943. He was stationed at Montreal and Deep Brook, N.S., and was commissioned a Sub-Lt. at Star, Hamilton, Ont., in September, 1943. He was serving on H.M.C.S. Clayoquot, when it was torpedoed in the North Atlantic and it was announced in January, 1945, that he had lost his life in the action.

## Died of Wounds



**GNR. FRANCIS MCGINN**  
son of the late James McGinn and Mrs. George Johnson, of Ottawa, nephew of Miss Bertha McGinn, of The Gore, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A. He went overseas in September, 1942 and was wounded in Italy, on May 23rd, 1944, died a few days later.

## Missing



**FLT.-LT. HENRY COWAN**  
A telegram was received recently by Mr. and Mrs. E. Cowan, Trout River, Que., that their eldest son, Flight-Lieut. Henry Cowan is reported missing after air operations over Germany, on April 22nd, 1945. He enlisted in the R.C.A.F. on Oct. 7th, 1941, received his pilot's wings on July 1st, 1942, and went overseas in October, 1942.

## Accidental Death



**PTE. JOHN ROSS**  
next of kin, Mrs. Clara Ross, Howick, Que. Enlisted in the Canadian Forestry Corps on August 5, 1940. He was the first casualty to be recorded from Chateauguay County, meeting with accidental death in Ville LaSalle, on October 25th, 1940.

## Missing



**PTE. RENE CARDINAL**  
Son of Emmanuel Cardinal, Valleyfield, Que., enlisted in the 2nd Canadian Infantry, was reported missing after the raid on Dieppe.



**F/Sgt. FRED ROWE**  
Son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Rowe, Chateauguay Basin, Que., enlisted in the R.C.A.F., received wings at St. Johns, Que., in November, 1942, and went overseas in December of the same year. He was reported missing in air operations over Germany, on October 17th, 1943.



Just a little word, but what a comforting sound it has in our ears this day. The Nazis have been beaten, we hope we shall never have to fight them again. It has been a hard and bitter war and there has been untold suffering for a very large number. But thanks to the lads of the Navy, Army and Air Force it is over now.

**ALLAN K. ENGLISH**

Insurance and Real Estate

Ormstown, Que.



It is only a few hours since the news of Victory in Europe was announced and it seems hard to realize it is true. But we are glad that Hitler has at last been beaten and that the Nazi terror will be ended for those who have suffered for so many years. We are also glad that the boys from this district and from all over Canada will soon be able to return home. Our heart is heavy when we think of those who will not return and we feel that we owe them, and their relatives, a debt that we can never repay.

**McGERRIGLE'S**

Fruits - Groceries - Vegetables

PHONE 340

HUNTINGDON



# VICTORY

## Pringle, Stark & Company

IVAN L. HEATH - M. ELIZABETH HEATH - Mrs J. W. STARK

Phone 500

Huntingdon, Que.

GIVE THANKS FOR THIS GREAT DAY INVEST IN THE BEST BUY ANOTHER VICTORY BOND



# Honoured For Bravery

## A UNITED NATIONS VICTORY

Has Been Brought to us  
**TODAY**  
When Our Boys Return Home Again  
Let Us Show Them A  
**UNITED CANADA**

UNITY AND DEVOTION TO  
DUTY HAVE BROUGHT HON-  
OUR TO OUR NOBLE SONS  
AND DAUGHTERS

### HUNTINGDON MILLS LIMITED

Phone 450 • Huntingdon

### HITLER HAS BEEN BEATEN!

Yes, his one time al-  
mighty voice has been  
stilled and his cries of a new world order have been  
drowned by the roar of our guns

### IDEAL RESTAURANT

ARTHUR LEGER, Prop.  
Phone 893 • Huntingdon

## HATS OFF



### TO OUR FIGHTING MEN

We are proud of them and the victory they have  
brought to us today. It has been a hard, tough  
battle, but they have succeeded in beating the  
cause of all the trouble that brought about this  
terrible war—HITLER.

We hope that the peace to come will be lasting and  
that there will be no more war.

### Tedstone's Bakery & Restaurant

PHONE 841 • HUNTINGDON

### WE WELCOME THE VICTORY

It was gladdening news  
that came to us today,  
that Victory had been  
won and the war in Eu-  
rope was at an end.  
Thanks to the Navy,  
Army and Air Force.



### H. PRIMEAU

Plumbing and Heating  
Phone 421 • Huntingdon

#### AWARDED D.F.C.



THE LATE FLT./LIET.  
LESLIE N. McCAIG

Son of Mr and Mrs Neil McCaig,  
Orms town, Que., enlisted in the R-  
C.A.P. in September, 1941, and  
went overseas with the bomber  
command in October 1942. It was  
announced on October 23rd, 1943,  
that he had been awarded the Dis-  
tinguished Flying Cross for cour-  
age, coolness and determination in  
driving off an enemy fighter and  
flying his badly damaged bomber  
back to Britain and effecting a  
successful crash landing in an air-  
field. He was later reported miss-  
ing and after the official lapse of  
time was reported officially pre-  
sumed dead.

#### AWARDED MILITARY CROSS



CAPT. HUGH BURNETT

Son of Mr and Mrs Burnett,  
Whitewings, Ville de Lery, Cha-  
teauguay, Que., joined the R.C.A.  
at outbreak of the war and went  
to England in May 1940. He was  
promoted to Captain and served  
as Adjutant on Headquarters Staff  
and later was 2nd in Command of  
the 90th Battery. Word of the  
award of the Military Cross was  
received in May, 1944.

#### AIR MEDAL



FIRST LIET. MILTON M.  
PLANCHÉ

Grandson of the late Mr and  
Mrs Benjamin Douglas, Hunting-  
don, Que., enlisted in the United  
States Air Force and was awarded  
the Air Medal on January 15th,  
1944. The award was made for  
exceptionally meritorious achieve-  
ment while participating in five  
separate combat missions over en-  
emy occupied Continental Europe.  
Later an Oak Leaf Cluster was ad-  
ded to the award.

#### LETTER OF GALLANTRY



R.S.M. E. R. CAPPIELLO

Son of Mr and Mrs A. M. Ca-  
piello, Huntingdon, Que., enlisted  
in the 8th Canadian Provost Corps  
in May, 1941, and went overseas in  
August, 1942. He was awarded a  
Certificate of Good Service by Field  
Marshal B. L. Montgomery, Com-  
mander in Chief of the 21st Army  
Group, on December 8th, 1944. It  
was awarded for outstanding good  
service and devotion to duty dur-  
ing the campaign in France.

#### BRONZE STAR MEDAL



STAFF SGT. WILLIAM A. CAVERS  
Son of Mrs. Alice Cavers, Orms-  
town, Que., was educated at Orms-  
town High School and took a course  
in Diesel Engineering at Detroit be-  
fore enlisting in the United States  
Army. He was awarded the Bronze  
Star Medal on January 15th, 1945,  
for meritorious service in connec-  
tion with military operations against  
the enemy in France between Au-  
gust 1st, 1944 and December 5th,  
1944. His work and skill kept the  
motor vehicles rolling under diffi-  
cult circumstances and reflected  
great credit upon himself and the  
army of the United States.

#### AWARDED D.F.M.



SGT. CHARLES COBURN  
CLELAND



SQDR. LDR. G. B. PHILBIN

Son of Mr and Mrs John P.  
Philbin, Valleyfield, Que., enlisted in  
the R.C.A.P. in 1940 and went over-  
seas in 1943. He was reported miss-  
ing on August 5th, 1944, but on  
September 4th of the same year  
was reported safe. He was award-  
ed the Distinguished Flying Cross  
in 1944 for meritorious service in  
many attacks on strongly defended  
German targets.

Son of Mrs C. J. Vidler, Mon-  
treal, Que., born at Orms town, Que.,  
August 1st, 1915 and educated at  
Orms town and Huntingdon. Sgt.  
Cleland was attached to the 120th  
Squadron of the R.A.F. and receiv-  
ed the Distinguished Flying Medal  
from the hands of His Majesty King  
George VI, at Buckingham Palace,  
London, England. The award was  
made for gallantry and devotion  
to duty while fighting in France  
and Dunkerque, early in the war.

#### P/O GASTON LAPIERRE

Son of Mr and Mrs Jos. La-  
pierre, Montreal, Que., and nephew  
of Mr and Mrs Jos. Descham-  
bault, Dundee, Que., enlisted in the  
R.C.A.F. and went overseas in 1943.  
He was awarded the Distinguished  
Flying Cross for conspicuous brave-  
ry in June, 1944, and reported  
missing on June 13th, 1944.

#### PURPLE HEART

CAPT. LAURENCE E. McCAFFREY  
Son of Mrs. Mary McCaffrey,  
Orms town, Que., a graduate of Mc-  
Gill and formerly practicing phy-  
sician at Rochester, N.Y., He en-  
listed in the United States Army  
in June, 1942 and went overseas  
in November, 1943. He was awarded  
the Purple Heart for wounds re-  
ceived in Italy early in March, 1944.

#### SILVER WINGS



CPL. ANDREW L. STEVENSON  
Enlisted in the R.C.O.C. and was  
stationed at T.C. 41, Chateauguay  
Barracks, Huntingdon, Que., before  
going overseas. His wife, Mrs. A.  
L. Stevenson, Huntingdon, Que., re-  
ceived word in November, 1943, that  
her husband had been awarded Sil-  
ver Wings for bravery in the ser-  
vice.

#### MEMBER OF THE ROYAL RED CROSS



Capt. (Matron) A. Maj. (Principal  
Matron) HELEN L. SHANKS  
Daughter of Mrs. Walter D.  
Shanks, Montreal, Que., and form-  
erly of Huntingdon, Que., enlisted  
as a Nursing Sister in the R.C.A-  
M.C. C.A.S.F. in March 1942, and  
went overseas in May, 1944. She  
was listed in January, 1945, in the  
King's New Year's Honours List  
and appointed a Member of the  
Royal Red Cross.

few have all and the workers very  
little?  
Or are you going to see that there  
is a just and true distribution to  
each individual worker and fighter  
of the wealth he creates and has  
to defend?  
Are you going to see that there  
will be no such thing as UNEM-  
PLOYMENT?  
Do you agree that there should

be both very rich and very poor  
in this land of such enormous  
wealth?  
Think over these questions, be-  
cause these are the questions that  
our heroes are going to ask and  
require proper answers to when  
they come HOME

THE CANADIAN LEGION  
No. 81 Branch

### Flags Are Flying And Hearts Are Happy



ON THIS OCCASION OF GLORIOUS VIC-  
TORY OVER THE GERMAN MILITARISTS

### JOE MORIN

Shoe Repairs -- Shoe Shine Parlor  
Chateauguay St. • Huntingdon

### VICTORY



We feel that with the news  
that has come to us at this  
time, we can afford to fly our  
flag in honour of the greatest  
Victory of all time. The war  
has ended in Europe and no  
more lives will be sacrificed,  
nor will men be disabled and  
wounded on the altar of the  
god of war. Peace, that price-  
less asset, is with us again.

### MISS MCGINNIS

"The Little Shop"  
Chateauguay St., • Huntingdon

### VICTORY



What a glorious feeling  
it is to know that the  
dreadful war in Europe  
is over and no more  
lives will be lost in  
fighting the Germans.  
But it is not a time for  
merriment, too many have given their lives, and  
have suffered, to feel that outbursts of wild jubila-  
tion should be resorted to.

### Elinor's Beauty Shoppe

ELINOR BLACHFORD  
Phone 785 • Huntingdon

### Victory Has Been Won For Us Today

MAY OUR COUNTRY SOON BE ABLE TO  
ENTER A NEW AND LASTING  
ERA OF PEACE

### AUBIN'S DRUG STORE

Phone 577 • Huntingdon



### To Our Gallant Boys and the Women In Service

May you have in your hearts the  
supreme joy which comes from  
aiding in doing a noble service for  
your country.  
May the day soon come when you can return to  
your homes, is the wish of

### CORNER NEWS & LUNCH

Douglas Fortune, Prop.  
Phone 437 • Huntingdon

## The Hour of TRIUMPH

Victory has been achieved today and the war in Europe is over. We  
look to the glorious hour of triumph with pride of right, conquering  
wrong and for the lads of the Navy, Army and Air Force who have  
made this victory possible. It is a great day in our history—one that  
will have its joy and its sorrow. There will be joy for those who  
know that their loved ones will return, but sorrow for those who  
know they will not. Our deepest sympathy goes out to them.

### McLEAN'S MEAT MARKET

PHONE 383 • HUNTINGDON



## Belgian Parliament Is Reopened Without Emotion After 4 Years

Brussels. — Its sovereignty fully restored, the Belgian Parliament resumed business without a tremor of emotion. It was the first liberated government on continental Europe to gather in its traditional meeting place, and those of us who expected to witness a spirited demonstration were vastly disappointed. The Chamber of Representatives foregathered without pageantry and with less excitement than one might see in the American House of Representatives after a summer recess.

First session since May, 1940, was scheduled for 2 o'clock in the afternoon and outside the handsome parliament building there was not more than 200 curious sightseers, most of them British troops bivouacked in the area. Inside the Chamber a display of Allied flags was the only indication that this

heard a translation of the President's words as he was speaking to them. This is an ingenious system and is made possible by two interpreters who sit at the base of the rostrum and speak a translation of the Flemish into a microphone. Every seat in the Chamber is equipped with an earphone which is wired to the translators' microphone.

The President reviewed the war briefly and drew omissions for Churchill, Roosevelt, Montgomery, Eisenhower, de Gaulle and Stalin. The biggest ovation was given at the mention of Churchill's name.

Robert Gillan, President of the Senate, followed with a speech in French, and the session was ended when Prime Minister Pierlot gave his report.

Throughout the proceedings the members dozed, waited about and dispatched messages to one another, much as Congressmen do in Washington. It was as though freedom never had fled Belgium and this was just another session of elected representatives such as you might see in any free country in the world.

In short, Belgium was the first country on continental Europe to return to its normal routine.

## Pre-D-Day Traffic in U.K. Described

### Stupendous Task Performed by British Railways For Victory Outlined

Thanks to an elaborate traffic regulation system, established despite tremendous handicaps, men and supplies for D-Day arrived at their exact piers on split-second schedules. T. D. Slattery, general traffic manager, for the United States and Canada of the British Associated Railways, declared in outlining part of the stupendous task performed by British railways during the war. It was this great effort which started the Allied Nations on celebrating. Many stories will be told of the great efforts to achieve this great end that we have looked

forward to for the past months, but they could not be told before. Nearly 25,000 special trains for troops, ammunition and equipment were operated from March 26, the first day fixed for movement of personnel, to the completion of D-Day moves. Another 800 specials of over 30,000 cars conveyed stores and heavy equipment, while ordinary freight trains conveyed over 6,000 cars of supplies and equipment, he recalled.

The all-time traffic peak was reached in the month immediately following D-day, when 17,500 special trains for troops and equipment destined for the fighting fronts, were run. Mr. Slattery explained, adding that mail and parcels for the troops required another 113 specials, special ambulance trains made over 300 journeys and others were operated to accommodate the large numbers of German prisoners destined for prison camps.

"This record-breaking traffic was all superimposed on a system already strained to unbelievable proportions and which in this same month, conveyed 3,500,000 loaded freight cars, operated 25,000 special trains carrying war workers to government factories, and 4,000 coal trains from mines to 'consuming areas,'" Mr. Slattery pointed out.

The amazing results achieved by

## Parents Now Have Control Of Children

### Gone is Fear of Offspring Acting as Spies For Nazi Leaders

"Hitler brats," teen-age boys and girls who belonged to various German youth organizations, are coming again under parental control in occupied German districts.

Father or mother can now apply a switch to little Fritz or Brunhild without worrying whether these juvenile political monsters will tell the Nazis that their parents listened to BBC broadcasts late at night.

As a result of the propaganda handed out by the Nazi party in recent years many children gained a twisted loyalty to the Hitler regime which in many cases made them actual spies in their own homes against their relatives and neighbours.

"But these 13 to 16-year-old German boys and girls now have become scared since their country is invaded and they have seen Nazi chiefs they had been taught to follow cringe in fear."

Their fanaticism has disappeared. Their mothers and grandmothers have told them their day of glory is over and that they will do as they are told at home.

Some of these "teen-age tyrants" who ruled homes capriciously because of the hold they had on terror-bound parents as a result of threats to inform on them have decided now of their own volition they want "to be good."

"I was a member of the Hitler youth movement," said one tow-headed youngster, "but now I am glad I can be a boy scout again."

"Youth admires success—and the Nazi leaders now are failures."

British railroads under wartime conditions are attributed to close attention to the heavy task and to superb engineering on the tracks, while Canada's Transportation Corps in Britain are credited with considerable assistance.

Mr. Slattery also paid high tribute to the "magnificent transportation efforts" on this side of the Atlantic.

"The railways here," he said, "have without doubt proved worthy of their great heritage and I could not pay higher tribute. Your vast transportation systems and ours have been welded into one united team in what has been the biggest transportation job in history."

As background, Mr. Slattery explained that the railways represent Britain's largest private enterprise, with 955,000 stockholders and \$6,500,000,000 in invested capital, and with equipment including 50,000 miles of track, 2,400 miles of electric tracks, 30,000 locomotives, 94,000 passenger cars, and 1,250,000 freight cars. Of a staff of 968,000 employees, 135,000 are women.

## Have You Heard the News? The War In Europe Is Over



ISN'T that just grand? Everyone will be pleased that the terrible war has been won and that our boys will soon be coming home. We shall be proud of them when they get back and we have an opportunity to thank each one personally. Our sympathy is extended to those who have lost dear ones, for we know how they will feel on this day and we will ever remember those who sacrificed their lives.

### WEBBER'S JEWELLERY STORE

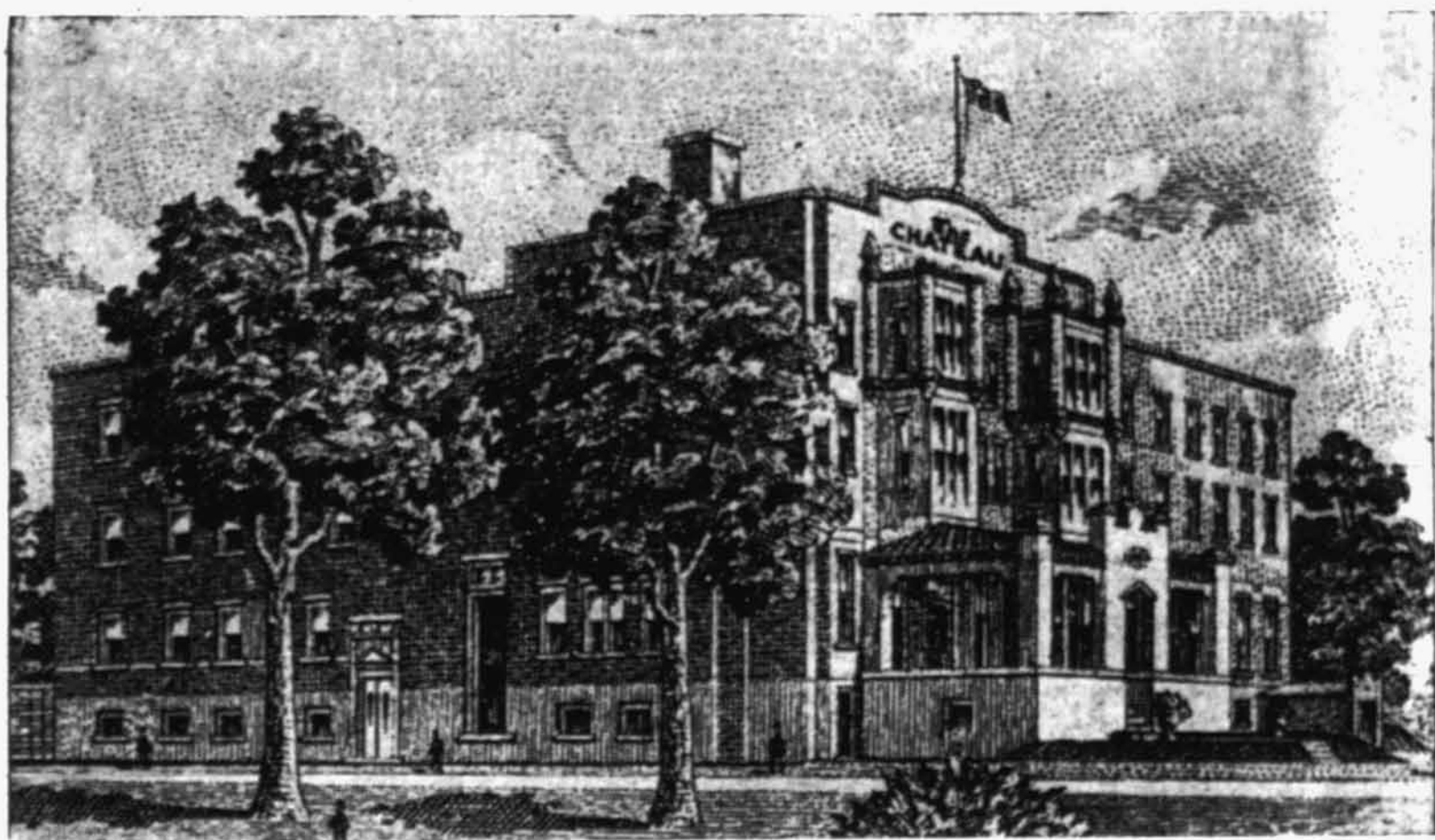
Jeweller and Watchmaker

Phone 451 • Huntingdon

# TO-DAY



## WE PAY GRATEFUL TRIBUTE



WE have all waited for this day of Victory in Europe and we greet it today with mixed feelings of joy, gratitude and remembrance. We feel joy that a victory has been won over an enemy who has treated the world to some of the most terrible horrors that one nation could force upon another nation. We greet it with gratitude to the men who have fought the battles over the years to bring the victory to us and bring a new era of peace that we hope will be more everlasting than has ever been the case before. It is a gratitude that will ever be remembered in the years to come and one that can never be repaid to those who have fought and died for the cause. We greet it with remembrance of those who have paid the supreme sacrifice both from this district and from the whole of the Dominion and from the other countries of the United Nations.

We do not feel that this is a time for celebrating, in view of the memories that the course of the war has brought to those who have lost loved ones. We truly feel that we can only pay tribute to the victory in a mild way even though it has brought joy to our hearts. There has been so much suffering throughout this war that while relief is felt that at least the European part of the conflict is over, it is no time for levity and loud celebration.

Our thanks are due to all who have fought and will soon be returned to us and we should plan to make their lives as happy as possible when they return to civil life and occupation. The best for them will be none too good as we show our appreciation of the part they played on our behalf and in achieving the victory that is ours today.

## Huntingdon Chateau Inc.

# OUR THANKS FOR VICTORY



What a grand feeling this news has brought us today. Victory Is Ours—we have been waiting for it ever since D-Day for we knew that this was the next to last blow at the enemy who transgressed the peace of the small nations of Europe and who rocked a world in the fury of the greatest conflict in all history.

We want to offer our quota of thanks to the men of the Navy, the Army and the Airforce, for the magnificent parts they have played in bringing this victory to us. We do not forget to pay tribute to those who have made the supreme sacrifice and to offer our deepest sympathy to the parents and relatives of such men. We want also to express the hope that in the years to come their sacrifice will not have been in vain.

The greatest Victory Now will be in the Peace to come.

## Popular Rugs Limited

HUNTINGDON, QUE.



Those Who Answered

(Continued from page 3)

Table listing names and ranks of individuals who answered, organized in columns with names, ranks, and addresses.

Advertisement for Huntingdon Woollen Mills Limited. Features the slogan 'TO-DAY WE PAY GRATEFUL TRIBUTE' and 'THEIR DAY OUR DAY V-DAY'. Includes text about 'Victory Is Here!' and 'The Hour of Triumph'.



Those Who Served ...

(Continued from page 10)

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like McCowan, McHardy, McIntosh, etc.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like McCallum, McCarty, McClatchie, etc.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like Scully, Senecal, Shank, etc.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like Turner, Taylor, Tessier, etc.

Our Hearts Are Glad Today. At the Success Which Our Armed Forces and Their Allies Have Achieved. May Our Remaining Task - The Complete Defeat of Japan - be Speedily Accomplished. J. H. DEMERS & SON Merchant Tailors. Phone 342 Huntingdon.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like O'Connor, O'Hare, O'Neill, etc.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like Sullivan, St. Onge, St. Pierre, etc.

Popular News Today is News of Victory. The flag we are living under is a popular one too, and we are proud that we can do business under its protection. POPULAR RESTAURANT GEORGE BEAULIEU, Prop. Phone 898 Huntingdon.

We Salute The Victors. Huntingdon is proud that so many of our boys had a part in Hitler's downfall. We look forward to the glorious day when we can welcome them back to their home. This is Your Day But it is Also Our V-Day. C. J. KYLE CHEVSELER PLYMOUTH PARTS and SERVICE GENERAL REPAIRS - GENERAL TRUCKING. Phone 321 Huntingdon.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like Purcell, Patenaude, Patterson, etc.

Victory... The grandest news we have heard in a long time. The war is over and Victory in Europe is won. A. M. Cappiello Tobacconist. Phone 883 Huntingdon.

Braithwaite Bros. Hardware Merchants. Phone 445 Huntingdon. Symbolic of Victory. Through a spirit of determination to carry on against great odds in the beginning of the war that has just ended in Victory for us today, the British Empire has completed one more triumphant effort in its history.

HATS OFF TO OUR FIGHTING MEN Who Made This Glorious Victory Possible. LABERGE BROS. Plumbing and Heating. PHONE 432 HUNTINGDON.

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names like Radcliffe, Rafter, Reay, etc.

Fawcett & Grant Ltd. HUNTINGDON, QUEBEC. Through a spirit of determination to carry on against great odds in the beginning of the war that has just ended in Victory for us today, the British Empire has completed one more triumphant effort in its history.

Fawcett & Grant Ltd. HUNTINGDON, QUEBEC. Through a spirit of determination to carry on against great odds in the beginning of the war that has just ended in Victory for us today, the British Empire has completed one more triumphant effort in its history.



Those Who Answered ...

(Continued from page 11)

Table with columns: Name and Rank, Next of Kin. Lists names and family members of those who served.

Table with columns: NAME AND RANK, NEXT OF KIN. Lists names and family members of those who served.

Advertisement for Huntingdon Hairdressing Parlor, Mrs. J. B. Faubert, Prop. Includes text: 'WELL DONE BOYS!' and 'We offer you our heartiest congratulations...'.

Chronology -- The War ...

(Continued from page 6)

- May 10—Red Army captured Sevastopol.
11—Prime Minister Mackenzie King addressed British Parliament.
17—British Commonwealth prime ministers at London urged post-war United Nations body to stop aggression.
18—Cassino, Italy, fell to British and Polish troops.
June 4—Allies captured Rome.
6—Invasion of Europe started with Allied landings in Normandy.
15—Germans started rocket bombing of England.
23—Russians started new offensive in White Russia.
27—Americans captured Cherbourg.
July 3—Russians captured Minsk, White Russia.
9—Canadian and British tanks and infantry captured Caen.
20—Hitler injured in assassination attempt.
31—Americans broke out of Normandy peninsula and into Brittany.
Aug. 2—Turkey broke diplomatic relations with Germany.
6—Americans turned east toward Paris.
7—Announced 1st Canadian Army holding eastern end of Normandy line, operating for the first time in history as separate army formation in the field.
14—German 7th Army in full retreat in Normandy toward Seine.
15—Allies invaded southern France.
25—General de Gaulle entered Paris as German resistance virtually ended.
28—American forces crossed Marne River reached Chateau-Thierry.
29—Americans crossed First Great War battlefields in Ardennes. Russians captured Constanta, Romanian Black Sea port.
31—Russians occupied Bucharest; reached Bulgarian border.
Sept. 3—British troops entered Belgium and captured Brussels.
4—British troops crossed Netherlands frontier. Finland ceased fighting.
6—Americans at Moselle River probed German frontier defences.
8—Canadians captured Ostende, Belgium.
11—Announced Canadian corvette Alberni lost; 59 missing.
12—British troops of 1st Canadian Army took Le Havre.
15—Churchill and Roosevelt ended Quebec conference.
20—Canadians entered Boulogne. Americans took Brest.
21—8th Army cracked Nazis' Gothic Line in Italy.
26—Airborne division survivors withdraw from Arnhem area.
30—Canadians captured Calais.
Oct. 2—Poles in Warsaw gave up fight after 63-day struggle.
5—British invasion of Greece disclosed.
6—Canadians cross Leopold Canal in Belgium.
9—Churchill and Eden arrived in Moscow for conferences.
15—Hungary asked Russians for armistice; Rommel died.
21—Aachen surrendered unconditionally.
22—Canadians took Breskens in Schelde pocket.
23—Britain, Russia, United States recognized de Gaulle as president of provisional government of France.
29—U.S. troops disclosed fighting in 1st Canadian Army.
Nov. 3—Canadians cleared Zeebrugge and rest of Belgium.
4—Greece reported clear of Germans.
12—R.A.F. sank German battleship Tirpitz in Tromso Fjord.
16—Allied armies launched big Rhineland offensive.
19—Americans took Geilenkirchen, Siegfried fortress town.
26—Italian government of Premier Ivanoe Bonomi resigned.
27—Major David Vivian Currie, Moose Jaw, Sask. and Owen Sound, Ont., awarded V.C.
30—U.S. troops captured Lindern, Lammersdorf and Grosschau.
Dec. 7—H.M.C.S. corvette Shawinigan announced lost including full complement of seven officers and 83 men.
10—France and the Soviet Union signed pact of alliance.
16—German major offensive opened against U.S. 1st Army, driving into Belgium and Luxembourg. British forces lifted E.L.A.S. siege of Athens.
18—Pte. Ernest Alvia Smith, New Westminster, B.C., awarded V.C.
20—German offensive on Western Front checked 10 miles from French border. Field Marshal Montgomery assumed command of U.S. 1st and 9th Armies in addition to own command of British 2nd and Canadian 1st Armies.
25—Arrival in Athens of Churchill and Eden announced.
26—Russians completed encirclement of Budapest.
1945
Jan. 7—Montgomery announced "Germans halted and sealed off."
12—Russian winter offensive opened in southern Poland.
14—Greek civil war ended.
16—Allied armies renewed winter offensive on Western front.
17—Russians captured Warsaw.
20—Arrival of 8,300 Canadian Home Defence troops in U.K. announced.
22—Belgian bulge collapsed into German rout.
24—Soviet forces entered Oppeln, Silesia.
25—Germans reported East Prussia isolated by Russians.
26—All German resistance on Western Front west of Roer River collapsed.

- 28—Russians entered Baltic port of Memel.
29—Red Army invaded northeastern Germany on 30-mile front reaching point 60 miles from Berlin.
30—1st Canadian Corps completed first year in Italy as part of British 8th Army.
Feb. 1—Russians reached Oder, 30 miles from Berlin.
4—Big Three conference opened at Yalta.
6—Russians crossed Oder southeast of Breslau.
8—1st Canadian Army launched offensive on Nijmegen sector.
11—Canadians entered Kleve. Yalta conference ended.
12—Canadians took Kleve. Americans captured Pruem.
13—Russians occupied Budapest.
16—Russians encircled Breslau.
17—Churchill conferred with Egyptian and Arabian kings, and Syrian president.
19—Scots of 1st Canadian Army virtually cleared Goch.
21—Thunderbolts raided Berchtesgaden.
23—U.S. troops captured Juulich. Russians entered Poznan. Turkey declared war on Axis.
24—Egypt declared war on Axis.
25—Americans captured Dueten.
26—Syria declared war on Axis.
27—Canadians carried through Hochwald.
28—Egypt and Turkey signed United Nations declaration.
March 1—Americans took Muenchen Gladbach.
3—U.S. troops crossed Rhine at Neuss. Finland declared war on Germany.
5—U.S. troops captured Cologne.
7—Americans crossed Rhine at Remagen.
12—Russians captured Kuestrin.
17—Remagen bridge collapsed. Americans took Coblenz.
19—French Army invaded Germany.
21—U.S. forces entered Ludwighafen.
22—U.S. 3rd Army crossed Rhine in Mainz area.
23—British 2nd and Canadian 1st Armies crossed Rhine west of Wesel.
24—U.S. 9th Army crossed Rhine south of Wesel.
26—U.S. 7th crossed Rhine near Karlsruhe.
27—British captured Brunen.
28—Canadians entered Emmerich. Russians captured Gdynia.
30—Russians took Danzig, entered Austria.

Awarded D.F.C. Section featuring photos and captions for F/O Cecil Walsh Bryson and F/O Clark Kennedy Horsnell.



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Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, including 'EIGHTY-S...', 'Mem...', 'Nelson...', 'Georg...', and 'Hunt...', 'Of Ei...', 'Dun...', 'Pass...', 'Results in...', 'ty Victory...', 'that \$338,850...', 'in sales of V...', 'of the total...', '\$721,000. Two...', 'ed their obje...', 'the top; the...', '109.7% which...', 'on Wednesday...', 'chimbroke wh...', 'on Saturday', 'lock which w...', 'last loan, is...', 'tion at this', 'The official...', 'loan is Satu...', 'there is still...', 'go to make', 'Thus there i...', 'be done if r...', 'reached befo...', 'loan as was', 'paign.', 'There is a', 'of canvassing', 'in the county', 'It looks like', 'between Dun...', 'as to which', 'and which a', 'ts. However', 'districts cou...', 'and pass the', 'is put forth', 'with \$27.5%', 'could possibly', 'with Dundee', 'The results', 'and those of', 'shown below.', 'GOUN...', 'Town-ship', 'Huntingdon 2', 'Hemming...', 'ford...', 'Havelock', 'Franklin', 'Hinchin-', 'brook', 'Eglin', 'St. Anlot', 'Dundee', 'St. Barbe'.